# Optimising the implementation of the 2nd RBMP in the Malta River Basin District



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PARKS Malta



























# The Project

Addresses specific social, economic and environmental challenges associated with a highly populated Mediterranean small island state:

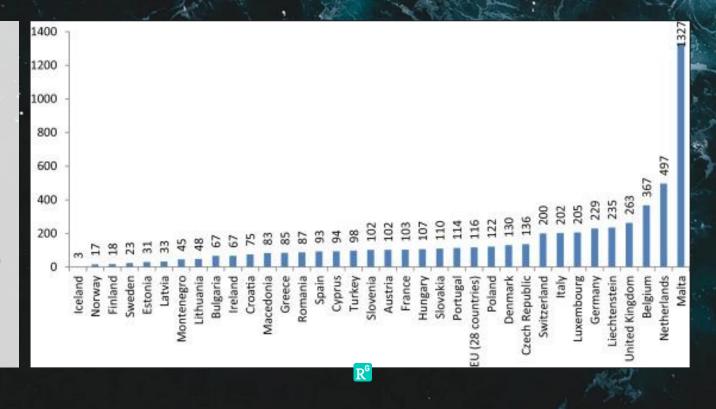
- Water scarcity and drought conditions
- High population density
- Saline Intrusion
- Contamination
- Vulnerability of coastal waters



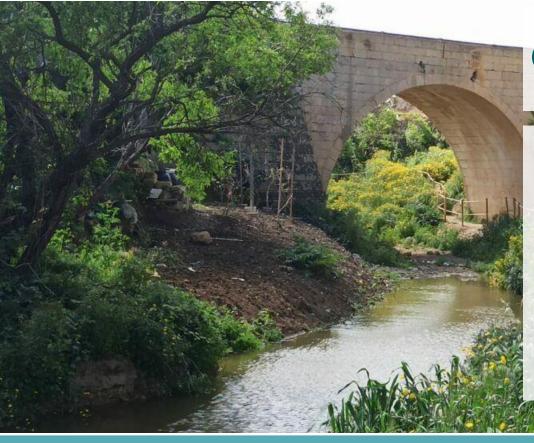




Population density in Europe by country (2012)







## **Our Actions**

#### **Public Works Department:**

 C.7 Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems

#### **PARKS Malta**

- A.8 Catchment Modeling
- C.9 Valley Management



## **Action C.7**

Aims to:

"to yield a Strategic
Framework Document that identifies opportunities for the implementation of SuDS in the Maltese Islands and includes the development of a multi-disciplinary assessment tool for SuDS selection"



#### **GSI Manual**



https://meae.gov.mt/en/Public\_Consultations/MTI/Documents/Green%20Stormwater%20Infrastructure%20Guidance%20Manual.pdf



## The relevance of NBS to SuDs

#### "GREEN" INFRASTRUCTURE

#### "GRAY" INFRASTRUCTURE

NATURAL AREAS

STORMWATER PONDS + WETLANDS

RAIN **GARDENS** 

FILTRATION + INFILTRATION BASINS

**TEMPORARY** FLOOD STORAGE

UNDER-

GROUND CONVENTIONAL STORAGE DRAINAGE



Intact forests, wetlands, and other undeveloped

areas



SCMs capable of providing habitat and resembling natural areas



Vegetated SCMs in urban or suburban settings



vegetation

like dry ponds with minimal vegetation or



Underground Surface SCMs SCMs, potentially including storage, infiltration filtration, or infiltration



Urban drainage strategies, primarily concretebased with limited infiltration or storage

STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES (SCMs)



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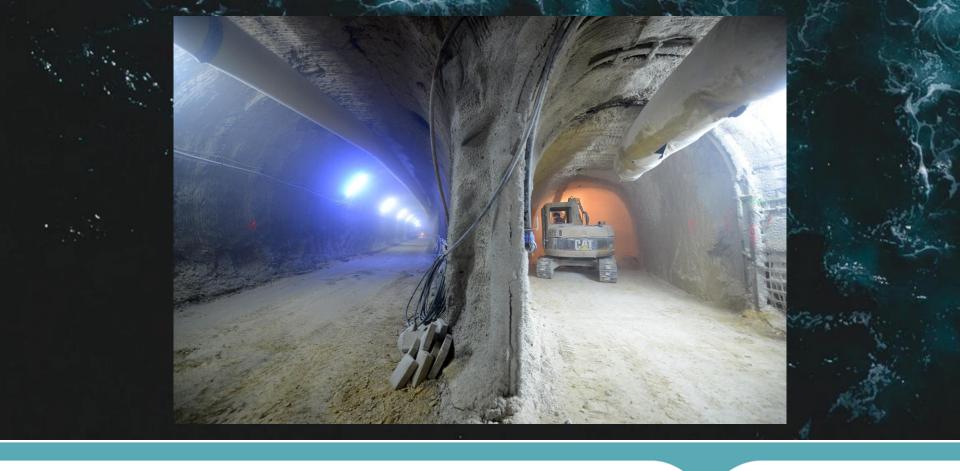
# The driving forces for GSI in Malta

- Flood reduction
- Groundwater Under stress
- Soil Protection, Public Health and Green Spaces
- Climate Change
- Water Policy

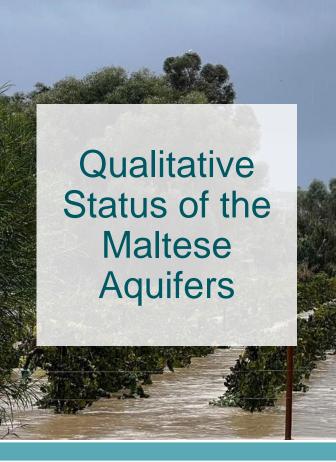


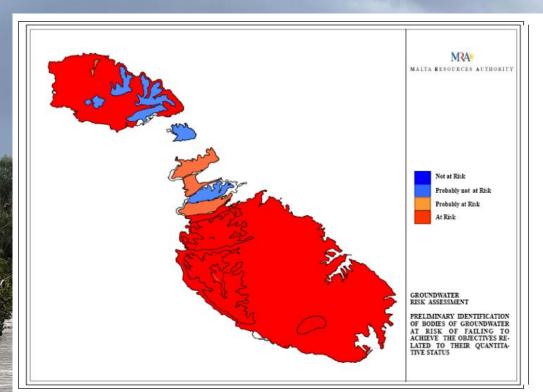




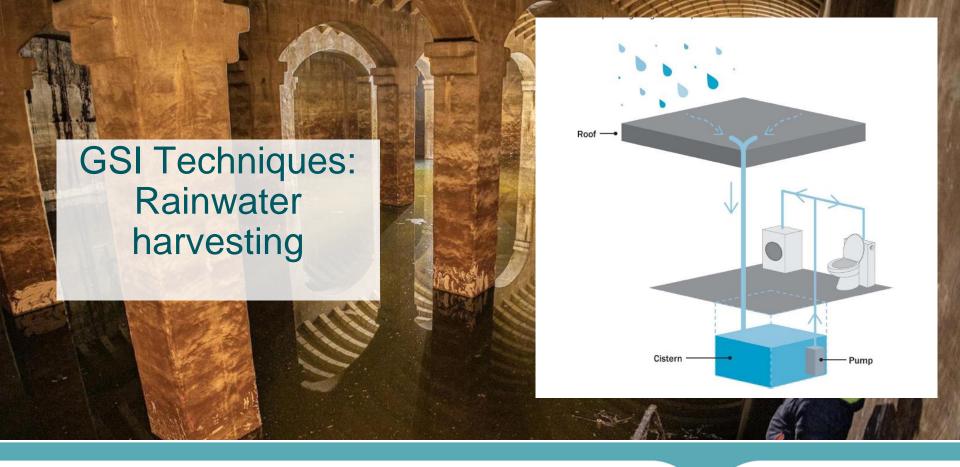














Size of cistern (m <sup>3</sup> )		
Total roof area (m²) x 0.6m		
Total roof area (m²) x 0.6m		
Total roof area (m²) x 0.45m		
Total paved area (m²) x 0.6m		
_		

\*Note:

This requirement applies only if the total open paved area is greater than 300sq.m



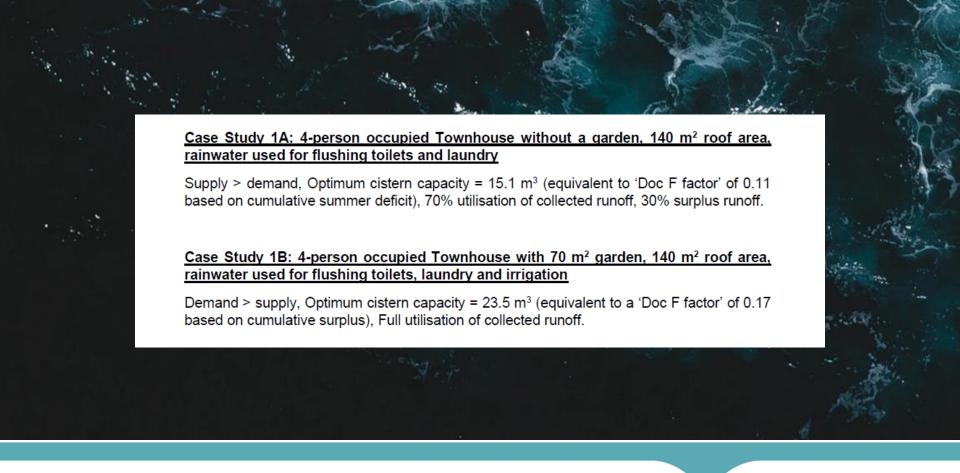


#### Runoff Volume (cubic metres) =

[Runoff Coefficient] x [precipitation, in metres] x [catchment area in metres squared]

Runoff Coefficients for Different Cover Types	
Roof	0.9
Asphaltic and concrete road	0.85
Pervious pavement (concrete blocks)	0.4
Gravel Road	0.7
Paved areas	0.9
Flat grass	0.15
Grass on medium slope	0.2
Grass on steep slope	0.25
Garigue	0.15
Green roofs, intensive	0.35
Green roofs, extensive	0.65
Terraced fields	0.1
Urban soils	0.2
Unused bare land	0.25







Applica Technic	ibility of GSI ques

			All systems can help reduce downstream flooding	All systems require maintenance
			Systems can be combined	All systems need an overflow
Chapter Reference	Name	Description	Pro	Con
8.01	Rainwater Harvesting	Direct storage and re-use	Minimum loss of water	Weight and Volume - Expense; normal location below ground (excavation issues)
			Traditional & legal Doc F requirement	Ownership & management issues of both catchment & water in multi-owner sites
			Minimal treatment at catchment; first flush management	
			Helps with peak flow lopping	
8.02	Green Roofs	Vegetation on top of structure	Water absorption 60% - 90% of low flow events	Weight – minimum 15 cm engineering medium & waterproofing of supporting structure
			High potential amenity value & thermal absorption	Reduction of trafficable (paved) space



# **Action A8**

**Catchment Modeling** 

#### Aims to:

"to develop a long-term vision for the protection, conservation and rehabilitation of Malta's valleys"

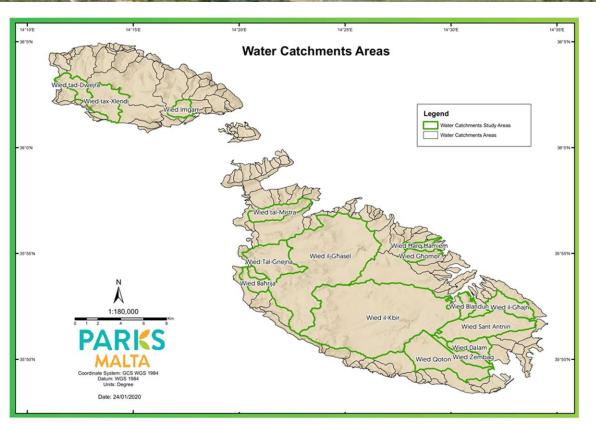






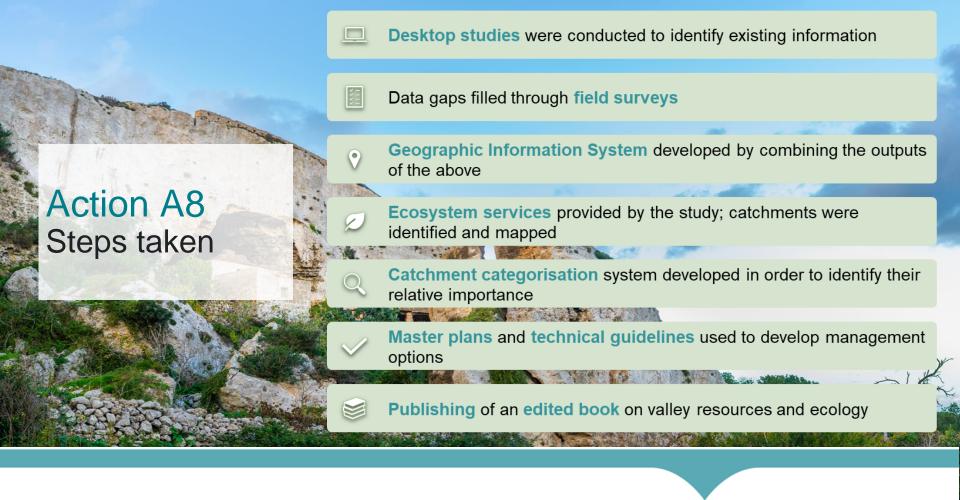










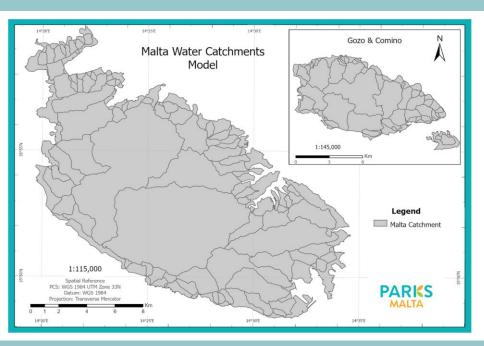


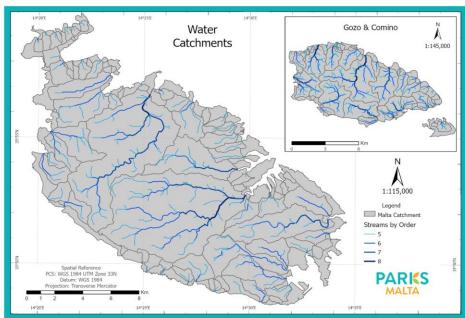






## The catchment model



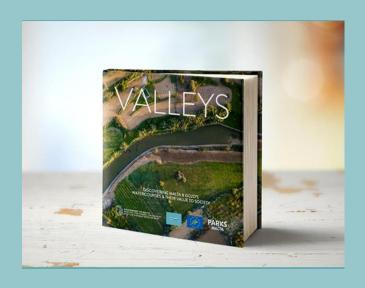




# **Masterplans**



# Book





### Master Plans

#### **General structure and information**

#### Includes:

- Identification of all sub-catchments situated in the main catchment and any information related to the catchments
- An analysis of the pressures and issues related to the catchments such as anthropogenic interferences and disturbance from invasive and alien species



#### Strategic direction and objectives

#### Includes:

- Actions that have already been taken as well as actions and suggestions on the monitoring, maintenance, and rehabilitation of the catchments
- Monitoring programmes





### Published Book

The edited coffee table book was designed with the aim to **increase public awareness** of ecosystems found in valleys as well as their environmental and social value.

#### Topics discussed;

- oVegetation hotspots
- Mapping of valleys (Catchments & Sub-catchments)
- oThe importance of valleys for birds and other fauna
- Analysis of the Great Reed (Arundo donax)









# **DISCOVERING MALTA & GOZO'S** WATERCOURSES & THEIR VALUE TO SOCIETY PARKS GOVERNMENT OF MALTA MINISTRY FOR THE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY AND ENTERPRISE SCAN ME!

Masterplans are being utilised as a baseline for the creation of technical applications that contribute to valley rehabilitation and management.

Furthermore, the edited book was distributed to every public library in Malta and Gozo to further increase communal access towards aiding in the understanding of the ecology, hydrology, and geology in local valleys.





# Action C9

Valley Management Plan

This action is intended to setup pilot projects both in Malta and Gozo to serve as case studies to monitor the effectiveness of the guidelines provided in the master plans developed in Action A8.





## Site Selection Criteria

Criteria	Indicator	Value
Diversity	No. and Area of Habitat Subtypes	no. and km²
Diversity	No. of Notable Tree Species	no.
Fragility	Undefined	Undefined
Naturalness (Inverse)	Length of Channel Modification	km
Naturalness (Inverse)	Length of Barriers	km
Naturalness (Inverse)	Urban Area	%/km²
Naturalness (Inverse)	Presence of Alien Species	%/km²
Non-recreatability	Undefined	Undefined
Proximity to important sites	Distance to sites of conservation importance	km
Site designation	List of site designations	no.
Rarity	Proportion rare habitats on an international and local level	% or km <sup>2</sup>
Size	Area in metres squared. Minimum 15,000m²	m <sup>2</sup>
Typicalness	Undefined	Undefined
Accessibility	Category (Full access, Small vehicles, On Foot, None)	category type
Connectivity	No of Barriers or length of 'Relic Channel' Flow Obs and Gaps	no / km
Stakehoders	Are there stakeholders that can form part of implementation agreements?	Yes/No
Pressures	Hunting, Dumping, Inaccessible (Private Signs)	category type
State of Infrastructure	Barriers Layer	Condition Class



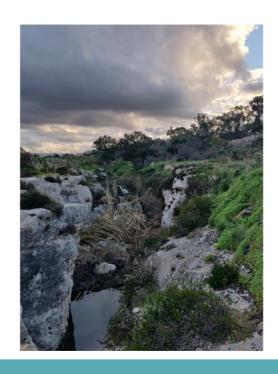
# **Pilot Project Malta**

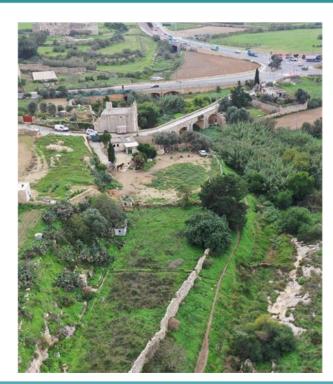


Wied tal-Isperanza which is a sub-catchment of Wied il-Għasel



## Wied tal-Isperanza









# **Pilot Project Gozo**



Wied tal-Grixti which is part of the Xlendi Catchment



## Wied tal-Grixti









## Water Monitoring



Monthly water testing to analyse water quality via pH, Dissolved Oxygen, Ammonium (NH<sub>4</sub>), Nitrates (NO<sub>3</sub>), specific conductance, conductivity, salinity, temperature, barometric pressure

Monitoring and analysis of **phosphate testing** 

**Macroinvertebrates analysis** 

- Identification
- Quantification



## Water Monitoring- Observed Results

#### April 2022

Site	BAR AVG	pH AVG	DO AVG	NH4 AVG	NO3 AVG	AVG Cond.	AVG Sp. Cond.	AVG SAL	<b>AVG Temp</b>
XL_07	101.795	8.0325	5.925	3.15	78.6	2.01175	2339.25	1.21	17.65
XL_11	101.445	7.9925	7.99	2.05	66.95	4.23075	5009	2.705	16.875
XL_04	102.075	8.4025	9.33	1.8	96.6	2.043	2373.5	1.225	17.725
XL_06	101.988	8.33	11.136	1.766667	107.85	1.9552	2299.8	1.19	17.14

#### June 2022

Site	<b>BAR AVG</b>	pH AVG	DO AVG	NH4 AVG	NO3 AVG	AVG Cond.	AVG Sp. Cond.	AVG SAL	<b>AVG Temp</b>
XL_04	102.07	7.75	16.895	2.75		2.0905	2287.5	1.18	20.5
XL_06	102.025	7.83	12.06	1.9		2.03	2230.5	1.15	20.3
XL_07	101.805	7.85	5.04	2.9		2.016	2238	1.15	19.8
XL_11	101.485	7.885	5.485	2.95		5.9355	6100	3.32	23.6
					NO3 probe	malfunctio	n		







## **Expected Results**

Rehabilitation and maintenance of the pilot sites through the removal of invasive and alien species, cleaning of the valley from any waste, and planting of riparian galleries.

The interventions proposed are aimed to make Maltese valleys more accessible thus more open spaces which result in a better quality of life.

The **results** from action A8 and action C9 aim to set forth **nature based solutions** as well as **more awareness** and **appreciation** of the limited water resources found on our island, so the public can better **understand** the importance of water conservation.







LIFE IP Programme 2014-2020

LIFE 16 IPE/MT/000008 - "Optimising the implementation of the 2nd RBMP in the Maltese River Basin District" Co-financing rate: 60% European Union, 40% National Funds



